

哈三中 2026 年高三学年第一次模拟考试物理答案

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
B	C	A	C	A	C	D	BC	AD	ACD

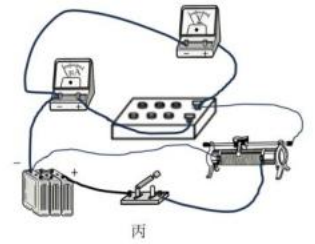
11. (8分) (1) 2.150 (2.148~2.152 均可) (2) t^2 (3) $\frac{kd^2}{R^2g}$

(4) 遮光条的长度忽略了或恰好滑动的时机不准确, 其他说法合理即可

12. (8分) (1) R_1 (2) 1500 (3)

(4) $4574\Omega/4575\Omega$

13. (8分) (1) 减速过程中



$$t_2 = t - t_1 \quad \text{①}$$

$$0 = v_B - at_2 \quad \text{②}$$

$$a = 1.4m/s^2 \quad \text{③}$$

(2) 加速过程中

$$x_2 = \frac{v_B+0}{2} t_2 \quad \text{④}$$

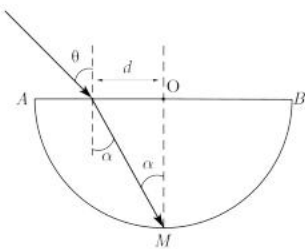
$$L = x_1 + x_2 \quad \text{⑤}$$

$$x_1 = \frac{v_A+v_B}{2} t_1 \quad \text{⑥}$$

$$v_A = 2m/s \quad \text{⑦}$$

①-⑥每式 1 分, ⑦式 2 分

14. (12分) (1) 经过 M 点光线如图, 由折射定律可得

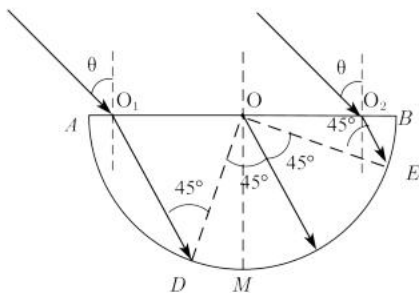


$$\sin \theta = n \sin \alpha \quad \text{①}$$

$$d = R \tan \alpha \quad \text{②}$$

$$d = \frac{\sqrt{3}R}{3} \quad \text{③}$$

(2) 有光线射入与射出范围如图, 设临界角为 C



$$\sin C = \frac{1}{n} \quad \text{④}$$

$$C = 45^\circ$$

由几何关系可得

$$\angle DOE = 90^\circ \quad \text{⑤}$$

$$S = \frac{\pi R}{4} \quad \text{⑥}$$

(3) 由几何关系可得

$$\angle OO_1E = 60^\circ, \angle OO_2E = 120^\circ$$

$$\frac{R}{\sin 60^\circ} = \frac{l_1}{\sin 45^\circ} \quad (7)$$

$$\frac{R}{\sin 120^\circ} = \frac{l_2}{\sin 45^\circ} \quad (8)$$

$$L = l_1 + l_2 \quad (9)$$

$$L = \frac{2\sqrt{6}R}{3} \quad (10)$$

①④每式 2 分, 其余各式每式 1 分

15. (18 分) (1) 方案一速度最大时

$$E = BLv_1 \quad (1)$$

$$v_1 = \frac{E}{BL} \quad (2)$$

对导体棒列动量定理

$$\sum F_{\text{安}} \cdot \Delta t = \sum BIL\Delta t = BLq$$

$$BLq_1 = mv_1 \quad (3)$$

$$q_1 = \frac{mE}{B^2L^2} \quad (4)$$

系统能量守恒

$$q_1E = \frac{1}{2}mv_1^2 + Q_1 \quad (5)$$

$$Q_1 = \frac{mE^2}{2B^2L^2} \quad (6)$$

(2) 方案二速度最大时

$$u = BLv_2 \quad (7)$$

$$BLq_2 = mv_2 \quad (8)$$

$$q_2 = C(E - u) \quad (9)$$

$$v_2 = \frac{CBLE}{CB^2L^2 + m} \quad (10)$$

(3) 系统能量守恒

$$\frac{1}{2}CE^2 - \frac{1}{2}Cu^2 = \frac{1}{2}mv_2^2 + Q_2 \quad (11)$$

$$Q_2 = \frac{Cm^2 + mC^2B^2L^2}{2(CB^2L^2 + m)^2} E^2 = \frac{mCE^2}{2(CB^2L^2 + m)} \quad (12)$$

$$Q_1 > Q_2 \quad (13)$$

③⑤⑨⑪⑫每式 2 分, 其余各式每式 1 分